

The SOLOS model and its possibilities

"Developing competencies in the logistical work process – A key to success" Brussels 14 September 2011

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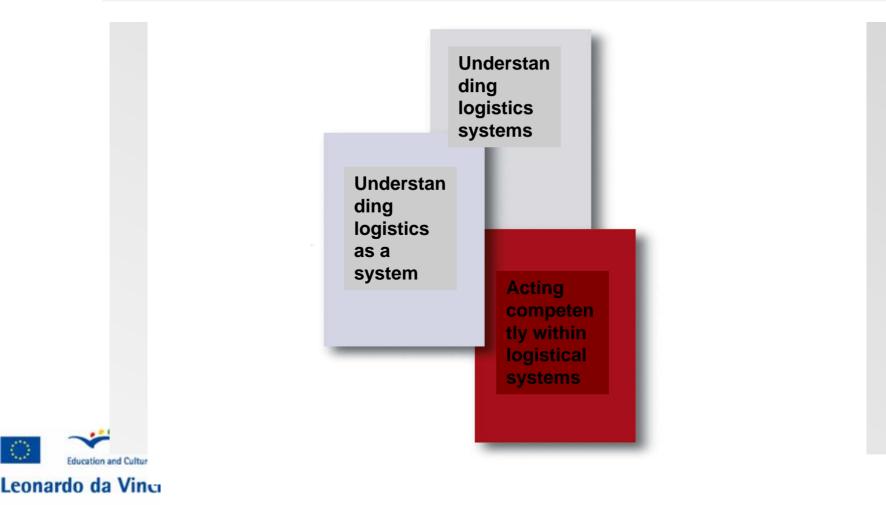






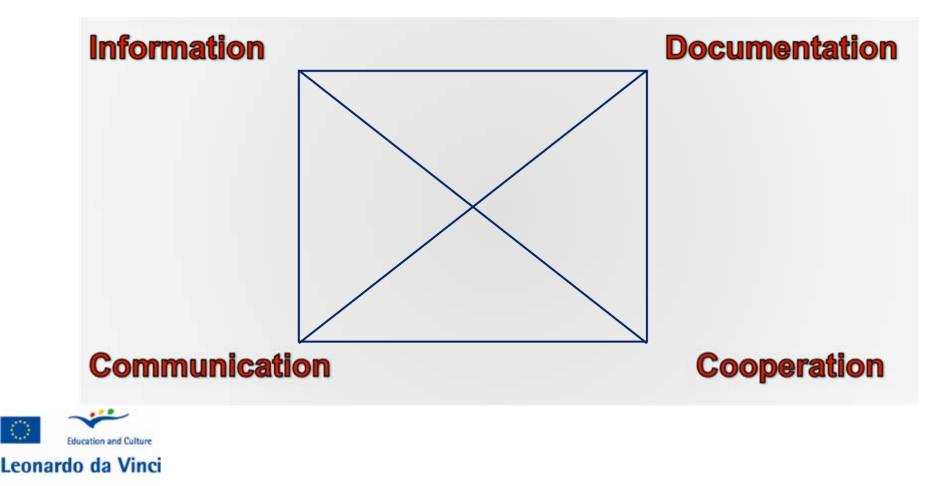


The aim of working with SOLOS: Raising competence for logistical work





The basis for competence learning: Structuring logistical work





Role and tasks of company management

- The work with the SOLOS model is understood as a contribution to promote logistics sytems competence, organisation development and personnel development in an integrated way.
- The role of company management is to support the appreciation of workers and their performance in this process as well as the implementation of the results of the learning team.





Role and tasks of learning guides in the company

Learning guides

 Are contact persons for in-comany problems and questioons (potential learning causes)

Select concrete company-specific learning causes and prepare the learning session

Accompany and supervise the work of a learning team and share the responsibility of learning processes and results with their team

Ensure the benefit of learning results by conveying it in the company, especially at management level







Role and tasks of employees

Employees understand, accept and realise that

 Learning in the work process represents a challenge for all persons involved

✓ Logistical work is at the focus of the process

✓ They themselves as well as the company benefit from the structured development of their competencies towards logistics systems competence





Time frame and organisation of work within learning teams

- The learning guide is responsible for the preparation of the work in learning teams in terms of content and organisation. A learning team ideally consists of seven to nine members.
- The meetings of the learning team normally take place during working hours and should not exceed the time frame of 45 minutes. They tend to become progressively shorter with more experienced participants. Each learning cause usually spans two to three sessions.





Sustainability

In order to achieve a comprehensive development of competencies, it is necessary that

✓ Employees are repeatedly and regularly integrated in learning teams

Can actively participate in the implementation of results.





The essentials: Matching of aim, structure, actors and method







The SOLOS instruments

Criteria of the methods applied:

Easy to apply

canner, Falmanpa Supporting the communication of the learning team without confining it

Effective in spite of a short time frame

Good visualisation of process and resul

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Depiction of results in a comprehensive way for others



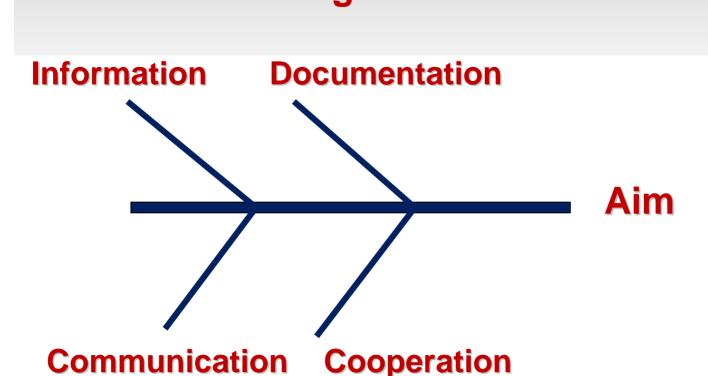
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The principle of SOLOS: Focus on three methods – no restrictions in the selection and processing of learning causes

Three methods and relating instruments are applied: Falurer MARIdel such ✓ The fish bone of Ishikawa diagram A specific pictograph series for processes of logistical work ✓ The tree jigsaw puzzle The methods can also be combined with one another. DSPO-MA Leonardo da Vinci





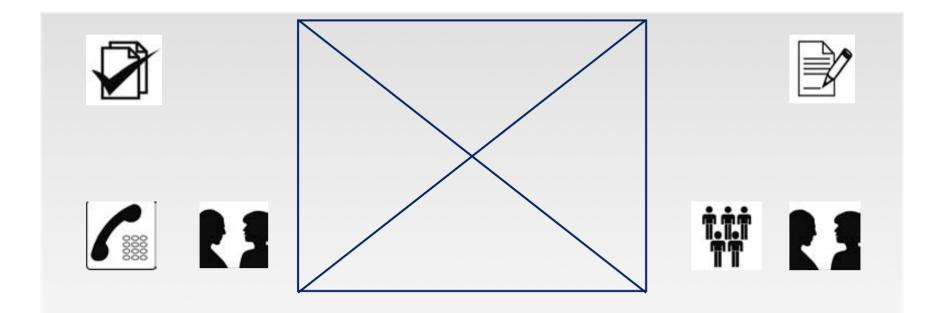
The work with the diagram is supported by a specific question catalogue which helps uncover the respective situation.





The pictographs

Different pictographs – a total of 13 – enable the depiction of the work process individual steps. The comparison of actual and target process highlights needs and potential for change.

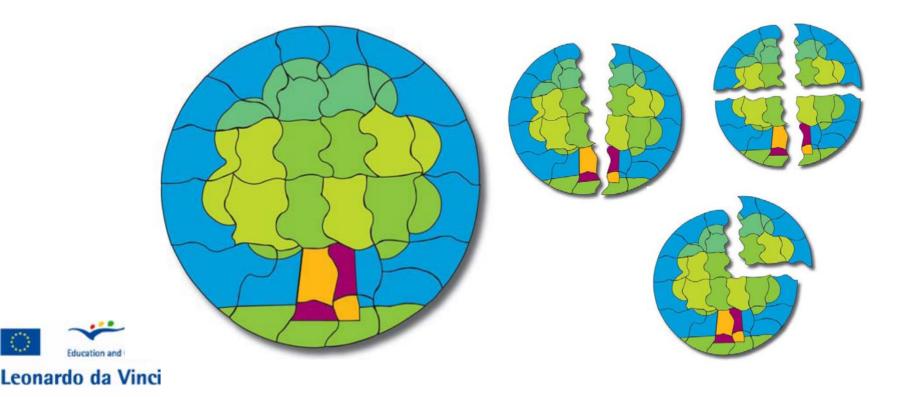






The tree jigsaw puzzle

The jigsaw puzzle depicts a functioning system; it consists of 28 parts and enables the depiction of the actual (sub-)system, especially in order to realise and discuss needs for change.





Important for all three methods: Visualisation!

The common characteristic of all three methods: They support the work of the learning team through 'images' which are jointly developed and worked on by the team.

✓ Fish bone diagram: Visualising connections between the fields of activity of logistical work

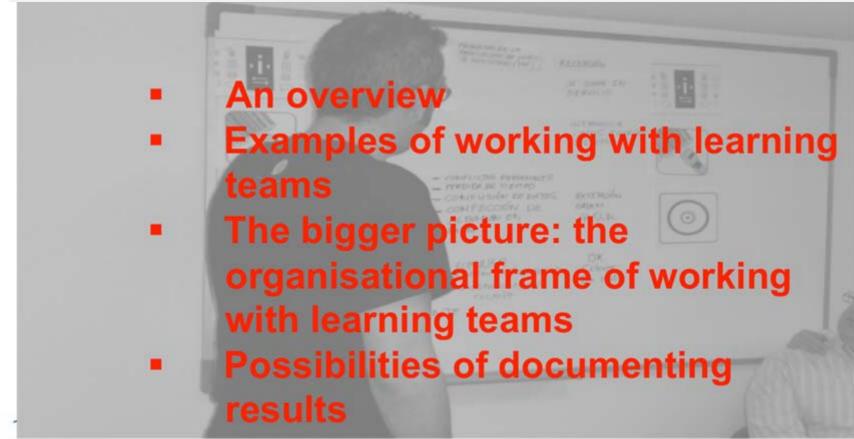
✓ Pictographs: Depicting (sub-)processes with different degrees of detail

✓ Jigsaw puzzle: Visualising positions of actors / groups as well as structures / intefaces in a process





Part 2 : What can we do with SOLOS?



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Examples of working with learning teams (1)

Learning cause 1 Faulty labelling of shipments

Methods applied Fish bone diagram, then pictographs

Results

IT-based solution and additional organisational solution with CEO

Learning cause 2 Introduction and breaking-in of new workers in the hall

Methods applied Pictograph

Results Commented pictographs of the process as an introduction





Examples of working with learning teams (2)

Learning cause 3 Introducing a distinctive and high-quality ingoing check

Methods applied Jigsaw puzzle, then pictographs

Results Differentiated to-do-list for the four fields of activity (information, documentation, communication and cooperation) for further implementation





Examples of working with learning teams (3)

Learning cause 4 Organisational procedures for self-collectors

Methods applied Pictographs

Results

differentiated description of the actual and target status, also in comparison to other companies





Examples of working with learning teams (4)

Learning cause 5 Significant increase of reclamations of specific customers

Methods applied Fish bone diagram, initially with standard questions, then with specific questions

Results Development of three approaches to action: a. internal (own organisation) b. at the transport contractor (immediately implementable) c. at the customer (packaging questions, partially to be realised, rather difficualt tasks)





Examples of working with learning teams (4)

Learning cause 6 Avoiding high loss of goods for a main customer

Methods applied Fish bone diagram with a focus on anlysis, pictographs for the depiction of old and new processes

Results Clarification of causes of the loss, implementation of clarification by changing processes



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Working with the fish bone diagram

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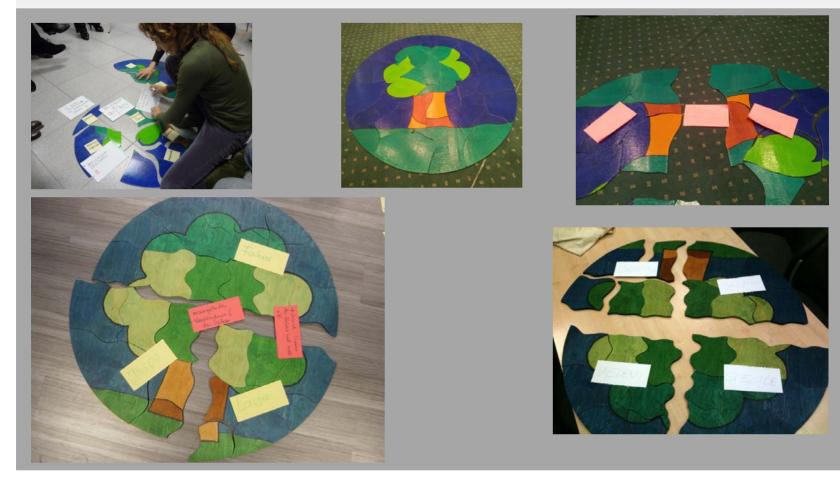
Working with the pictographs







Working with the jigsaw puzzle





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The work of learning guides and teams goes beyond incompany learning

Direct and indirect reference points of learning guide work

Area in-company learning

The learning guide selects learning causes together with management, works on them with the learning team and achieves a result which can be implemented.

Area personnel development

The manager conducts appraisal interviews in the usual framework, for example annual talks and also addresses competence learning.

Area organisation development

Learning team and management are responsible for the implemen-tation, they are supported by the learning guide.





